OR.

An ASTROLOGICAL DISCOURSE

The great ECLIPSE of the SUN, which happened on June 22. 1666. in 10 deg. of the Watry figne Cancer.

SHEWING

What EFFECTS may most probably attend it,

Unto what Persons, Kingdoms and Countries, they are chiefly Directed.

By TOHN GADBURY, ФIROLA TINGS.

With Allowance.

Intended to have been publisht in his Ephemeris for this present year 1667. but prevented by reason of the late terrible Conflagration of London.

Sol & Luna, post Deum, omnium viventium vita junt. Hermes.



London, Printed by James Cotterel, for Eliz. Calvert, at the figne of the Black Spiead-Eagle in Duck-lane. MDC LX VII.

TR E W Win Bee,



To the

TRUELY LEARNED, And most

WORTHILY ACCOMPLISHED,

Elias Ashmole,

Of the Middle-Temple, Efg.

Windsor-Herald, Comptroller of the Excise, and Keeper of the Medals and Antiquities belonging to his facred Majestie King CHARLES the Second, O.c.

Most bonour'd Sir!

He Aftrologers of this Age and Ifland, Swarm to You, as their Patron (for shelter and protection of Themselves and Books) as Bees to their Hive. It is an Argument of But

true

The Epistle Dedicatory.

true Sapience (I confess) to lodge the choicest fewels, in the Noblest Cabinets: And the Worthiest Sciences, fare always best, with the most Honourable Mecanas. Such Policie I approve of, and (although, at some times, (by reason of Tortnows interposures) I could not, yet) shall now, follow. For, when after-Ages shall understand, that I have made, not the meanest Additions to this Celestial Study; It may reasonably put them into Admiration, if not Astonishment, not to finde me, set within some convenient distance of your honourable Acquaintance and Favour.

'Tis true, in the twilight of Great Britains hope, and Restauration by his Sacred Majesty, [when it was a Crime, either to be known Loyal, or to own any one of that (then-despised) inclination and Judgement] I, with another, did present unto You, An Emendation of the Learned Hartgil's Astronomical Tables; which Book, You were pleased generally, not onely to accept, and approve of, but nobly to encourage us, to a farther Enquiry into the Mysteries of that Science we had then esponfed.

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knowledgements, or the bohower owe, unto your exquisite Skill in all Mathematical, Hermetical; and Physical Learning; your eminent acquaintance with the Constitutions, Customs, and Manners of our own, and forraign Nations; your Admirable Knowledge in the Law, Heraldry, &c. as also, in all Politiques and Ethicks; Be pleased (learned Sir) to accept it here.

I disdain to make you Patron of my Gall and Rudeness, as some (without a Blush) have lately done: or yet, to play the Parasite with You, and propound a Gain to my self, by this Undertaking. No: my Dedication of these sew Sheets of Paper, proceeds (ex intimis Medullis) not from a Spurious, but Legitimate honour and affection, and a desire to let the Learned, in times to come, know, That no Artist in this Age, had a more Cordial esteem for You, and your incomparable Vertues; or, could more readily acknowledge, your continued, and often-reiterated Favours, to the ingenious Students in all Learning, then He, who assumes

The Epiftle Dedicatory.

assumes the boldness, (and accounts it his greatest Glory) to entitle himself

(Honoured Sir)

Your most bumble,

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Servant,

JOHN GADBURY.

act, a whospe the east Undertaining. No imy Delicative and there few the time to the east of the east

and Rudemen as force cention

the Learned, in times to court, in town, it is to open of the third in this Age, that a more Condina office the You and note the court of the Year age, and the readily abundance, you see eat, and often reiterated Factours, to the age age, nions Students in of Learning then the, who



To the READER.

He Heavens of late years, have not been laden with more various Caufes, and Monitors of ensuing Mischiefs, when the Earth hatb been burdened with sutable Effects. No sooner have me been quit of one Evil, but our Ears have been terrified with the noise of another's approach; like that of Job's messengers. Poor Europe hath laboured under many of Israels beavie Judgements, perhaps, deferved them as much in the; for ber Hy. pocrifie, Pride, Rebellion, &c. And the two thundering Verses in Deuteronomie, Chap. 28. v. 21, 22. bane been notably fulfilled unto (almost) all the feveral Kingdoms and Countries therein: Faciet Iehova ut adhærescat tibi Pestis, donec consumpserit te ex ea terra quo tu venturus es ad possidendam eam jure hæreditario. Percutiet te Jehova tabe, calidaque, & æstuante ac adurente Febre, & ficcitate & uridine, & morbo regio; quæ persequentur te donec pereas.

The late Sufferings of this Western part of the world, do eminently English the most of the Latine: We have been smitten with the Pestilence to purpose; as also, with the Consumption, and Fever; with the Sword, and extreme Burning: yea, a different, and (perhaps) more dreadful Burning, then that mentioned in the Text. God of his mercy grant, we be not pursued with Blasting and Mildew

*Dr. Gell, in A Learned * Preacher observing the vitious incliased on the parallels us with Sodom, thus: They of Sodom surving, p. prefigured the men of this unclean generation; and must not we expect a like Judgement unto that of Sodom? And (when we call to minde the late strange providences) we may for ever hereafter believe it, for a divine and infallible Truth, That like

Sins, have like Punishments.

that it may sprout again! and I have a more thenordinary reason to believe, (and I hope I do not
deceive my self therein) that Englands afflictions
are neer their period: and can therefore with the
more considence, adde this word of Comfort unto
it, That the Famine, threatned by the late Solar Deliquium, is not likely to prove the tythe so
sharp and cruel unto this Kingdom, as unto many
other Kingdoms and Countries in this part of the
world. [Jupiter is in Aries.] Tet I cannot say,
that we shall be totally free, from the talons of that
black and dreadful enemy. Deus avertat. So
prayeth, the earnest Implorer of Englands peace
and prosperity,

Brick-Court, neer Deans yard Westminster,

Jo. Gadbury.

March 14. 1667.





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DISCOURSE

Of the Suns Eclipse

Which happened on fune 22. last past, in the morning.

N my Ephemeris for this present year 1666, I declared to the World my resolution to publish a Treatise of this great Solar Eclipse: which promise I had (according to engagement) discharged in my DIAR Y for the ensuing year 1667. having much enlarged the same, and obtained License

thereof, for that very end and purpofe.

But the late dreadful Conflagration happening to London, wrought fo great a destruction among the Stationers and Printers in that Citie, (they suffering the most by the Tyrannical Flames, of any one Society what soever) that I was constrained to reduce my Annual Book to its old number of Sheets, and reserve my Discourse of the Eclipse to be printed apart by self. And conceiving it to be of convenient Caution and Consequence, not one

ly to England, but other parts of Europe, &c. I thought it proper, rather then stifle it, (after so much pains) to print it. For although the Eclipse it self be over, its effects are to come; and may continue among us (if Astrologie sail me not; as seldome it doth) these two years yet; (of which more anon.) I therefore presume this short Tractate will not appear sike an unfortunate Guest, (post Fessum) after the Table is clear'd; but very opportunely, for the Information and Advantage of such as are thereby concerned.

I need not (for an Emordium) acquaint you, that Eclipses have been always attended with Astonishing Effects; or that at the fight of them, whole Armies have been smitten with amazement, fear, and horrour: or of the scorching Summers, unkinde Winters, destructions of Countries, ruines of Cities and Towns, the death of Kings and Great perfons, alterations of Governments, change of Laws, &c. that commonly accompany them. All these things I shall (at present) pretermit, and come to the Discourse intend-

ed; which I will confider,

First, Astronomically. Secondly, Astrologically.

In the Astronomical part, I shall first take notice of some Notable Observations that have been made of this Eclipse, by several eminent persons in different places; which I shall exhibit in the following Tabular form. ht it

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This Eclipse was observed in the following places.

June 22, in the morning, 1666.	At London.		In Paris.		At Madrid.		In Southam-		Neer York.		At Oxford.	
	H	M.	H	M.	Н	.M.	H.	M.	H	M.	H	M.
Beginning at The Middle of it End thereof Total Duration Digits Eclipfed	7	43 15 37 54 4	56717	45 42 43 58 50	6 7 2	2 5 5 46	56.717	25 22 23 58 22	7	34 32 30 56 18		27 23 24 57

The Reader need not much to wonder at the Differences of these Observations, if he do but consider they were taken in several places, where the Pole hath a different Elevation; and that the Parallax might materially differ. Yet it seems a little strange, that there should be less difference between those Observations made at London and Paria, then betwitt them made at London, and those at Southampton and Oxford. But the Errour thereof may be occasioned from the impersection of the Instruments the Artists made use of; or else, for want of Exactness in the observers themselves: it being easier (in any thing) to be overtaken by Errours and Missakes, then to keep pace with Truth and Certainty; chiesly, in Astronomical Observations.

With the most concurrent of these Observations, do the Rudolphine and Philolaick Tables agree; so also do those of my loving friend Mr. V. Wing, and our Country-man Mr. Jeremy Shackerly. The Ricciolan and Lansbergian, &c. are found to differ much, both in the beginning, continuation,

termination, and obscuration of this eminent and famous Eclipse.

But next unto the fafest Observations, do I prefer Mr. Wing's Tables, where you will finde this Solar deliquium

	woo mine jiv.
To begin at	17. 28. 0.
The visible Conjunction at	18.22.38.
Middle of the Eclipseat	18. 24. 48.
The End of it at	19. 26. 4.
Total Duration	1.58. 4.
Digits Eclipsed	7. 25. 14. 3.

This premised, Ishall in the next place consider (with Ptolomy) how many hours there are (on the day of the Defect) between Sun-rising and the middle-time of the Eclipse; unto which Astrologers always erect their Figure of heaven. For take notice (faith the same Author) how many hours the Sun is Eclipsed, for so many years shall be the duration of his Effects.

Sun rifes at 4 aclock in the morning.

Interval between Sun-rifing and the Middle of the E-clipfe is

2 bo. 25 min. o fec.

The Duration, according to the best Observations, and Mr. Wing's Tables, is 1 ho. 58 min. 0 sec.

This obtained, I work by this Analogie:

As the length of the day on which the Eclipse happens, is to 365 days: so the interval between Sun-rising and the Middle of the Eclipse, is to the time ere its Essects begin to shew themselves.

Demonstration.

Length of the day 16 bo. 20 min. or 1080 m. 30334237
365 days, or one year, 25622929

Interval between Sun-rifing and the Middle 21613680
of the Eclipfe is 2 bo. 25 min. or 145 min. 347236609
The fum is 47236609
Time ere the Effects begin, 49 days. 16902372
Which

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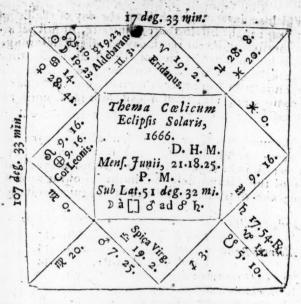
Which 49 days numbred from the day of the Eclipse, viz. June 22. the Effects thereof initiate, or first begin to shew themselves, on the tenth day of August following.

Now for the Continuation of the Effects, that is known from the Duration, which is two hours fere : Ergo, they will continue in force neer two years from the time they first commence, viz. from August, anno 1666. until July, anno 1668.

Thus much may serve for the Mathematical part: now I come to the Astrological. And therein I shall first prefent you with the Figure of heaven erected to the Middletime of this famous Eclipse, in the following form and shape; and afterward with the genuine signification thereof.

Longit. Solis	• 95	10 d.	23 m:
	[Solis .	101.	
Afoentio Rella .	Temporis	276.	15
	Med. Cali fine Cir.	17-	-33
Huc adde pro pri	imo domo	90.	0
Summa totius ad Ascentio Obliqua	aenaa	107.	

Thema



The Fortitudes and Dehilities of the Planets in this Eclipse.

Hence it appears, that Mercury and Jupiter are Lords of this Eclipse, as having the greatest number of Testimonies in strength: the Sun (the Luminary eclipsed) is weak by 6 Arguments, and hath not one Fortitude either Essential or Accidental to assist him.



Judicium Astrologicum.

In this Ecliptical Figure, the Regal and fiery figne Leo affeends the Horoscope, and the Sun (the Dominator of that figne, and Luminary eclipsed) is possed in Cancer, a Cardinal-Tropical-Feminine signe, moveable and watry. As if many matters or things of most eminent note, that for divers ages past have been flourishing, fixed, or stative, are by this Solar Deliquium, portended subject to a strange kinde of instability, inconstancie, and sluctuation: and this most apparent in Islands, and among such Nations or People as are surrounded with, or chiefly live and inhabit by, and upon the Sea. The signe wherein the Desect happens, is the Horoscope of Holland, and the ness of the United Provinces, the Seigniory of Venice, Scotland, &c., and they may assure themselves they are concerned therein: of which more shall be said anon.

It is the Moon, the lesser light, (or rather, a body that is opake, and hath no innate light at all) that thus Eclipseth the Sun, the Royal Lamp of heaven; the glorious Fountain of Light, from whence she her self receives illumination. I hope and pray, That no actions of Ingratitude, correspondent to so unusual an Eclipse, may appear, or be perpetrated in any part of this our European world. The Moon Eclipseth the Sun, in her own dignities; in a place, where she hath power to triumph and tyrannize to purpose. The Sun (say Astrologers) signifies, the most illustrious and glorious, of Persons and Things: the Moon, the bases, and moss-to-be-contemned and desised. I could acquaint you with many such kinde of Eclipses, both of former and later times; and with the tristitious attendants of them: but I would not be thought Dolores renovare, to

renew old Sorrows, or awake the fleeping Errours of either

our own, or any other Kingdom or Nation.

A Signo deliquii sumitur judicium generis rerum afficiciendorum. Aftrologers in giving Judgements upon the defects of the Luminaries, fay, That the Effects of them Chall fall principally upon those kindes of men or things, which are fignified by the figne wherein the Eclipse happens.

The figne wherein this famous Eclipse is celebrated (as you have already heard) is Cardinal-Moveable-Watery,. Eclipsis Solis and Fæminine. The learned Proclus faith, An Eclipse of in Son aut the Sun in the Watery Triplicity (chiefly the dignities of the befeura, turba Moon, the having fignification of the Popular multitude) becale interi-denotes a rot or consumption of the vulgar fort of people, many tus, diuturne rumours and discontents, great Seditions, Mutinies, and expebellorum, fedi- Stations of Wars; a destruction of Water-fowl, and death of tiones, of a Fishes; great Inundations, and overflowings of Sea-banks, qualifium ma- Fishes; rinorumg; dy drowning of many places; with many great and unbeard-of aliorum in a-mischiefs, acted and done by and upon the Waters.

quore degenti-And as very much damage and prejudice to some peoum magnaper- ple, parts or places, is probable to happen, by or upon the nicies. Procl. Waters, &c. fo alfo it is very likely to fall out unto others,

by reason, of a want or scarcity of Waters. And so faith In secundo De- the same Author, in these words :--- When the Sun shall sufcano, fluvios of fer an Eclipse in the second Decanate of Cancer, Fountains fontes exfic- and Rivers shall be dried up, and there will be a great want of nentiam, de waters; mach incontinencie among men and women deth also petulantium succeed; and a great deal of fraud, circumvention and deceit mortalibus in-will be pracif d.

tentar. Procl. But now, as this eminent Eclipse falls in a figne of the Watery Triplicity; so it happens in a Cardinal Tropical figne likewife. And all Astrologers consent, that Eclipses in Aguinodiel and Tropical (which are the onely Cardinal) wignes, are of the mist eminent concernment unto this terrene Globe, and pour down their influences upon it the

most forcibly and violently.

Equinitia figna & Tropica turbulentiora & populariora dicimus, & generaliter significant rerum Civilium mutationem, faich one : (id est) We finde by experience, that your

Tropical and Equinocital fignes are more violent, turbulent, and popular, then are any of the other parts of the Zodiack; and Eclipses, great Conjunctions, Comets, &c. happening in any of them, are the most remarkable in their effects.

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The reason hereof is neer at hand: the greatest and most noble of actions and things (be they Ecclesiastical or Civil) are dependent upon Cardinal or Tropical signes; they are the Hinges or Axis upon which the most weighty and illustrious Persons or Matters (either of Universal or Particular, Publique or Private concernment) move or turn. And when an Eclipse, Comet, or other Celestial Phanomena happens therein, such things, or persons, most naturally and principally are designed to share in their Instuences.

We have instances familiar enough, in the common vicillitudes of the Weather, of the great verity hereof. For when any grand Satellitium, Conjunction, Opposition, or Quadrate Aspect of the Planets happens to be in Cardinal Signes, the Air is more then ordinarily perturbed; as we law it in the Effects of the Quadrate of Sol and Saturn, on March 30. this year, and upon the Oppolition of the Sun and Saturn on June 29. following; as also, upon the Quadrate of Soland Saturn on September 27. after that: these Aspects all happening in Cardinal Signes; as may be seen by the Ephemerides. We know also, that persons born under Cardinal Signes, are more vigorous, active, and (I was about to fay) violent, then others: as to instance in the late King of Sweden, Carolus Gustavus; Oliver Cromwel; the present Emperour of Turkey; cum multis alis, of former and later times. We could prove likewise, that those Kingdoms, &c. whose Ascendents are Cardinal Signes, are more spirituous, couragious, active, furious, mutable, and inconstant, then are other Kingdoms, whose Horoscopes are in other parts of the Zodiack; as Germany, Polania, France, Saxony, Alfatia, Holland, Denmark, and England too; for that is under Aries, and hath been subject (the more is the pitie) to mutability and inconstancie as much as any other Nation whatever.

But to pass by this little Digression: not onely the E-

(10) cliple is in a Cardinal Signe, but at the time of the defect. the two infortunate Stars (fo called by reason of their intemperate natures and qualities, and the malignant Effects they are always by experience known to fend among mortals) Saturn and Mars, do obviate the Luminaries from Cardinal Signes; thereby making the darkness much blacker in its effects, then otherwise it would be. And these two Planets do not onely conspire against the Sun. (the Luminary suffering) and the Moon, the Agent in this Deliquium; but cross and square each other, and that (in' some respects) maliciously. As if they intimated some more then ordinary mischiefs, and alterations to be (under the influence of this Eclipse) hatching and contriving (either in Italy, Holland, or some other parts beyond the Seas;) which when brought to pass, the Projectors themfelves (Saturn and Mars) by contending with each other, will but make room for the advancement and promotion of some yet-unexpected and unthought-of person or inte-Mercury fits and smiles at the forward solly, and rash

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adventures of the other Planets: 'cis he that is the fron-Planeta qui oft in underi. geft Planet in the Figure, and of all most nobly placed in ma domo, alij-the Heavens. A Planet in the eleventh house (faith Haly) is or est illo quibigher then one in the ninth, fixth, or third: And able (therein 9, 6, aut 3 fore) to attempt and compass nobler things then he. est. Haly. The nimble Planet Mercury being Lord of an Eslipfe, gene-Mercurius dominus deliquirally affumes the nature of that Planet with whom he is configurated. Howbeit, as he is the Author of quick and violent generaliter quidem in illi-motion, fo he intimates celerity in humane actions, affairs, Ms flella natu- and concernments; irritates much cunning, craft, and ram se insinuat, atg; conver. Subtilty, lying and deceit, perjury, &c. much robbing ritur, cum qua both at Sea and Land ; makes much controverfie in the fuerit configu-Customs and Laws of Nations, alterations of old Priviledges, Charters, or Corporations; many Law-fuits and Ptol. 1.2. C.8. unappeasable differences he promotes. In the Air (he be-Apotel. ing cold and dry, and mostly neer the Sun) he generates high and bluftering winds, great tempefts, thunders and lightnings, fometimes earthquakes, &c. Herefies and Schisms get ground under his Regencie, (Europe has no

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need of that) and a race of people usually appear, that will contemn Ceremonies, and throw dirt in the face of all Religious Worship: he also denotes depopulations, and a destruction of things useful for the support of humane life; and hinders the growth of vegetables: he stirs up diseases of siccity, as Consumption, Ptisick, Fevers, &c. These are the natural significations of Mercury, as Lord of an Eclipse: but as he is in Aspect of Jupiter, (though it be by a Quadrate) it is to be hoped that his effects will meet with some abatement; but much I cannot promise my self, because Jupiter is just leaving Pisces, and neerly in Opposition of Mars in this Ecliptical Figure: yet somewhat he will perform, by vertue of his own benefique nature, and of his having rule in this great Deliquium, next unto Mercury, whose effects I have at large related.

And not onely Mercury hath fignification of the aforefaid distempers, but the Eclipse in general is the fore-runner of many tedious and durable infirmities that shall afflict the persons of men and women : Saturn is in Capricorn in the fixth house, (of the Greeks called ward Tuyn, from the great infelicity and unhappiness which diseases bring to mankinde; they being the envious opposites unto health, which is the greatest blessing in the world, and most of all to be coveted !) and there powerful to do mifchief: Mars also is Lord of that Angle by Exaltation, and (being in reception and Quartile of Saturn) shall in part defigne the difeafes portended, viz. the Calenture, Jaundies, Imposthumes, Madness, Pestilence, Pox, Botches, Inflammations, &c. Wherefore, by reason of his violence and destructive poysonous qualities, he is much to be fear-Cave iram Martis: we ought, when in a Figure of an Eclipse we finde Mars in a position apt for the promoting of mischiefs, to beware of his raging and thundering threats.

It is the opinion of Hermes, Aphor. 90. that Saturn performs evil more flowly, but Mars more swift: and Mars is therefore (saith he) observed to burt more then Saturn. Most sure I am, that although Mars, in regard of his velocity and

(12) heat, hurts more, (that is, more furiously and ragingly) then Saturn doth; yet is Saturn (as I before urged)the author and procurer of the most durable mischiefs and miseries unto mankinde : And as he (fecundum Hermetem) performs evil more flowly, yet by reason of his tardous motion, and envious tenacious nature, he is most certain to accomplish it the more furely: and this I am afraid we poor mortals shall finde and experience to purpose, from his envious, malignant, and pernicious effects, portended unto us by his polition in this Solar defect.

Surely God is angry with these Western parts of the world, and that exceedingly! in that he shews so many eminent and fignal tokens of his divine displeasure against us. But lately, viz. anno 1663. on Octob.10. was celebrated an unusual Conjunction of Saturn and Jupiter, in the Regal and fiery figne Sagittary: fuch a Conjunction that happens but once in 795 years, it beginning the circuit of

And a little after that, there appeared three dreadful

* See more of those two Planets in the Fiery Trigon *. this Conjunti-

dreade 1.

en in my Dies Comets or Blazing Stars, as fo many Monitors of approaor Dooms day ching terrours and dangers to befal most part of the habinot so necr as table Globe: those Comets having relation in their motion, unto almost three parts of the whole Zodiacal Circle. And now this year, (as if those rare and unusual Phanomena were not of themselves sufficient to presage horrour enough to compleat poor Europes already-begun miferies!) we are fallen under the effects of a Solar Eclipse, in a Cardinal Tropical figne: and this defect was visible to all this Occidental part of the world: the glorious Lamp of heaven refusing to afford us his wonted benigne influences, by fuffering (in this defect) his nobler rays to be with-held from us.

> As the fad and to-be-lamented effects of these several Celestial Ambassadours, we have had our sufficient share of Wars, the company of that horrid, black and dismal enemy the Pestilence; a miserable desolation and destruction by Fire; and all these too long and too heavie upon us! and yet Gods anger is not turned away, bis band is stretched

ent still 1 the envious Planet Saturn, and surious Planet Mars (by their malesque positions and configuration in this Solar Deliquium) are yet working more mischiefs and disturbances, in the mindes, manners, and actions of mankinde; and will (by their evil influence) hinder and obstruct the course of things, both in Natural Generation, and in Trade, and in affairs of most kindes. God granta Famine succeed not those several former severer Judgements of the Almighty, if it be his blessed will. Although those other Judgements have been affactions grievous to be born, and eminently terrifying (almost) unto all force of people; yet the least part of the Famine will be far more transcendently intolerable and cruel unto mankind, then all the other put together.

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Famine (saith one) is sometimes so fierce, that it makes the mother use the teeth in stead of her lips to her own childe; to hite without pitie the insant which she used to kiss; and in stead of giving it suck, to let out the bloud of it. God keep so black an enemy from the doors of all true-hearted English-men! we have had our portion of Plenty, and this in so great and abundant measure, that we have wallowed therein: Oh! that we might be able to divert our part of Penury, by

Had we no affistance from the Celestial movers for our Judgements in these matters, yet those observations we are able to make from common Experience, might readily inculcate to us a more-then-ordinary probability thereof; since it is the Order which God and Nature observeth, to pursue a Plenty with a Dearth, and to punish extreme Wantonness with griping Want.

Bright mornings oft have blackest afternoons.

The learned Hieronymus Cardanus tells us, (and I am a-effectus potenfraid too oraculously) that the effects of an Eclipse of the Sun tess sunt, unde are very powerful, which happening in the beginning of a hope- si in florentem ful and flourishing harvest, denotes sterility and harrenness to derint sterilifollow. I fear, I fear, that the great strength of Saturn (I tatem afferunt mean Seg. 2. Aph. 15

mean not particularly in this Solar Eclipse, but) in this whole year, and some years yet succeeding, will, and doth prefage, not onely Sterility, or a Dearth of Corn, &c. but a destruction of all things-growing upon the earth, useful for mankinde. He is in a Cadent house in the heavens. Cadentia funt thence afflicting the Lights : Haly fays, that Cadent boufes

are as it were spirits; and what soever happens in them; (he guicquid acci-means either of fortitude or antiction) happens unto the fidit in eis, dem accidit in Wiritibus. Haly.

rits of men or things. Hence I am fearful, that not onely the spirits of men will be macerated and perplexed; but the spirits or seeds of Vegetables will lose their foul and vigour, and not be capable of rooting and bringing forth the fruits of the earth, as at other times. Saturn is a Planet cold and dry; and therefore (in a Physical fense) a great enemy to, and hinderer of all Natures products, and indeed of all natural Existencies: And he is now posited in Capricorn, in a cold, dry, melancholy and feminine figne; as if the most hopeful conceptions were threatned to be destroyed in successor, or in the womb, and scarcely fuffered to fee the light; much less to come to maturity. The learned Rigel, in his 83 Aphorism, fets it down as an absolute Conclusion, That Saturn is the most pernicious and destructive in bis effects, when he is posited (as now in this Ecliple) in a feminine figne.

Thus you fee, Authors are positive and agreeing : An Eclipse in the beginning of a Harvest, denotes barrennes, faith

Cardan.

The spirits of Vegetables, &c. are afflicted, faith Haly. Saturn is most destructive when in feminine fignes, faith Ri-

gel. The Eclipse it self began in June, a little after the beginning of the Summer, viz. when the Grain begins to harden in the Ear. We have had a very dry Summer; a hot and moist Autumn; (as if the natures of the Seasons were really changed.) Let us petition, that God of his infinite goodness, would not permit or fuffer our Harvests for some years succeeding, either by unkinde and bitter frosts, Mildens, or unseasonable Showers, to be either blafted or lodged,

(15)

lodged, or suffer other damage or prejudice, before it comes to be fully hardened, and fit for the painful Husbandmans Sickle.

Yet a little further. Sol omnibus Planetis tribuit vires: (they are * Cardans words.) The Sun (as he is Rex Plane-* Scgm.5. Atarum, the King of all Stars) gives strength and power to the Phor. 171: Planets. And when his light is hindered, his influence is obstructed, and Nature receives a check in all her teemings, and is thereby much molested in her noblest and free-est operations.

And, There is no Planet more benefique and friendly unto this Sol omnium earthly Globe, then is the Sun: for he is the greatest of the for-fortunarum tunate Stars, and disperses his happie rays and influences maxima est, most liberally. Great therefore must the damages and in-neque Planeta juries be unto mankinde, when his most illustrious and nou-benificus. rishing beams shall be with-held from them, though but Card. for the smallest portion of time: much more, when we shall be deprived of his friendly rays some hours together.

as now in this Solar Deliquium.

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And although there be some men who weakly maintain, that Eclipses have no more influences upon terrene bodies, then the black-fac'd night; yet deny they cannot, that the one is natural and ordinary, the other prodigious and extraordinary: and certainly their effects must be as different as their natures. Nay, they that quarrel most against the influences of such obscurities and defects, cannot (by their quarrelling) anticipate the effects thereby portended, in either their own, or friends Nativities.

The Diurnal motion of the Earth, (or Sun, if people will have it so) is such, that there is an apparent Physical reason to be rendred of the common and never-sailing intercourse of Day and Night. But Eclipses happening in no such order, and at no such certainty, (in restectu temporis) clearly demonstrate the darkness of the night less valid and efficacious, then that in Eclipses: the one coming to pass by a constant and unalterable Law or Edict of Nature; and the other happening by Natures Decrees also, but at no such certain, distinct, and determinate times.

Were

Were Echipses as certain to happen as is the night, (1) mean, when the same reason in Nature is afforded) then should we have Eclipses of both Luminaries every month: for, if we consider that the Sun is eclipsed onely in his Synod or Conjunction with the Moon; and the Moon suffers an obscuration when she is diametrically opposed to the Sun; we must conclude the cause of the Suns Eclipse to be the interposition of the Moon between him and the Earth; and the cause of the Moons Eclipse to be the interposition of the Earth between the Sun and her,

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Now we know, that there is not a month passeth us, but affordeth a New and Full Moon; yet we may be fix months and more, sometimes, without an Eclipse of either Luminary: Ergo, Eclipses are of fargreater concernment unto mankinde, then the Enemies of Astrologie are aware of, whose ignorance in Starry matters, would seem to make them of one and the same influence and esset with the ne-

ceffary darkness and obscurity of the night.

The natural privation of light in the night, is (in its kinde) of as good use unto all things sublunary, as the splendour and beauty of the day; and is as necessarily opposed thereunto, as the siccity and calidity of the Summer and Autumn, to the humidity and frigidity of the Spring and Winter. But as it must be destructive to have two Summers in a year, where one is of sufficient force to ripen all that one Spring can produce; so must it needs be contrary to the increase and nourishment of the seminal vertues of all terrene productions, to have a double night; or in the stead of one, a night and a half, whenas one fingly is endowed with vigour enough, to concost and allay the heat of bright Phabus's scorching rays, that one day affords. I will conclude this Digression with an Excursion of the learned Peucer concerning the effects of Eclipses : Quantos incendit aftus quamdiu flagrantes, Solis fub v anno quadragefimo ? Ques motus in Orbe Terrarum commovet, cum bec Solis, tum altero anno post Lune Eclipsis? Nata ex illis & propagata funt semina malorum omnium, que tunc cum noftras urgeant cervices, & vita fortunique minitentur, imms intentent atque in ferant perniciem, evidentius semimus & ferimus ac deploramus acerbius. Quantas lites, quam ,
superba dissidia, & occulta odia, insidias que quam violenta consilia severint struxerint que qua bella indicerint, qua pericula nocumentaque frumento frudibus que crearint, deliquia anni quadragesimi quarti, cum Luna tota, atra caligine, ter fædum in
modum desormaretur? Sol plus de unce sui orbis obsuscaretur,
adeo, ut in quibus dam locis interdiu stella illuxerint, ac conspesia sint; eo ipso, & sequentibus annis, ex eventu didicimus.
Casp. Peuc. fol. 661. de Astrolog.

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To proceed; we are advised by Rigel, prudently and ma-Prudenter Sarily to consider the Sun, and in no wise to sorget in our Judge-lem considera; ments what effects are dependant upon him; chiefly in an E-Solis non sant clipse.

And Levitius writing upon the great Eclipse of the Sun denda. L. Riwhich was conspicuous upon April 9. 1567. with relation giis.
to the great Effects thereby portended, exclaims, Profeto tam tetram ac horrendam Eclipsin Solis ab anno Domini
1544. non babuimus, nec etiam multis futuris saculis babituri
sumus. (i.e.) We verily (saith he) have not had so horrid and
prodigious an Eclipse of the Sun, since the year of our Lord
1544. neither shall me in many ages to come, have the like again.

* Jupiter must

As Leovitius said then of that, so may I say of this E-suffer many bardships, run clipse; (and I hope, in some respects it may be received as throw great a word of welcome to the world; it intimating, though difficulties, not at present, yet a future happiness unto it) we shall not combat with in many Ages have the like Eclipse again: but (mistake many hazards, me not) this I say not, by reason of the number of diagnitions, sufgits eclipsed; but by reason of that part of the Zodiack fer several in which the defect happens, with a regard had unto the scoffs by sees, many sad attendants it hath, and the several rough con-to-many scars, comitants it meets with, in signification and portent.

Some (perhaps) may wonder I insist not upon the effects graces, before of Jupiter somewhat more in this Discourse, he being the shine, and shew next in dignity to Mercury in this Solar Eclipse. But to bimself in his such I answer, that his benisque * significations are hin-native lustre, dered by Mars, (as before I urged) and also Saturn; so that signification

bis and portent.

his noble fignifications are herein totally impeded and obfeured, at least for a time: but possible it is, by that time Jupiter comes into Cancer again, the Saturnine evils will be a little blown over, and Europe may then begin to partake of his illustrious and noble rays and influences; which will then be so glorious and dazling, that Envie shall not stand before them.

Thus far in general: Come we next to some particulars

by this Eclipse denoted. .

The Effects (fuch fad ones as they are) you have heard of already: my first particular Enquiry shall be of the Vbi, the place where those several before-mentioned Effects shall operate, or chiefly shew themselves : And those are fuch, as Aftrologers (from a large Experience of the beauteoms (miles, and black events of heaven) have placed under the Celestial Signe Cancer, and its Quadrangle, viz. Libra, Capricorn, & Aries; some whereof (as you may see in my Doctrine of Nativities, from pag. 83. to pag. 87. in Part 1.) are Holland, Zealand, Scotland, Granada, Burgundia, Numidia, Carthage, Africa, Bithynia, Colchie, Denmark, Smeden, Germany, England, France, Puleffina, Polonia minor, Auftria, Livonia, Sabaudia, Thuseia, Cafpia, Macedonia, Illyria, Thrace, Albania, Bulgavia, Lituania, Saxonia, Hassia, Thuringia, India, Isles of Orchades, &c. for Kingdoms and Countries. And for Cities and Towns, thefe: viz. Naples, Florence, Capua, Ferraria, Augusta, Verona, Brunswick, Padua, Amsterdam, Venice, Genoa, Constantinople, Tunia, Cadiz, York, St. Andrews, Lubon, Antwerp, Arles, Spires, Vienna, Frankfort, Placentia, Oxford, (poor Oxford !) Constance, Mecklin, Brandenburg, Vilna, Cleves, cum multis aliis, oc. All which Kingdoms, Countries, Cities and Towns, or any of them, I fay, are ftrongly menaced by this eminent Solar Eclipse; and their inhabitants will have great need to make use of both prayers and tears, to avert the heavie Judgements of a highlyoffended God, at this time, and for some ensuing years, impending over them.

A Word unto each of these Kingdoms and Countries,

more plainly.

Holland

Holland and Zealand, you are in the first and chiefest place, concerned in this Celeftial Apparition. Saturn is in Opposition to your Ascendent : the Sun is Eclipsed in your Horoscope : and the fiery Planet Mars is in Quadrate Afpect unto it. Your Trade is in danger of being totally ruined; your Merchants, of being utterly undone : your Great-ones, are at their wits end; and Poor-ones, ready to mutiny for want of Bread! Make peace with England betimes, or fhortly it will be too late for you: a little more frugling will reduce you from High and Mighty, unto Poor and Diftreffed States ! Let not your own Aftrologers (as of late they have done) flatter you with the hopes of what is never likely to happen : for I unfeignedly procest, all thefe (and greater) mischiefs will fall upon you, unless you are wife in time, and by a prudent and fudden Submission and feeking of Peace prevent it.

* Scotland hath always had the reputation of a wife Nawritten before
tion: let not an Ignote Zeal against things indifferent, othe late Rebelvercome thy Prudence: Cross the Proverb which Cays, lion there; but
Omne malum à Boreale. Be peaceable, and be happie.

* This was
printed before
the Caution

Granada, thou wast first raised out of the ruines of Illi-may serve for beris, and hast long continued in great splendour: be not the future. too confident of thy strength and riches, but keep peace and amity with thy Neighbour-Princes: pay thy Tribute quietly to thy undoubted Soveraign, and then thou may strength escape returning into thy first matter.

Burgundia, thou didft first own the God of the Christians for thy advantage: it will be for thy profit now, to main-

tain thy Religion, and thy Peace.

Numidia, be quiet within thy felf; quell Mutinies and Insurrections in the bud; and pray that thy Prince be as

fortunate as Maffiniffa was.

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Carthage, (once the Lady and Mistress of Africa, and so continued neer 730 years;) thou hast been often obscured; now thou art threatned again, but not with total ruine: It was thy Custom to crucifie, not onely the unhappie Captain, but even him whose bad counsel had a prosperous

event: Improve at this time the advice of thy vertuous Counsellors, and be happie.

Africa, (the Romane Africa I mean) thy abundant Plen-

ty is turning into Want.

Bithynia, thou wast not formerly more peaceable, pleafant, and fertile, under the Government of the Christians; then now thou art likely to prove unquiet, disturbant, and barren, under the Turks.

Colchin, the glory of Armenia, thy Chymical Sun is neer an eclipse; thy Golden Fleece, and all thy Mynes, are de-

parting from thee.

Denmark, thy Prince hath a Royal Genesis, yet he is but a man: let not a Cancerian people by their policy bring thee under water.

Sweden, if Sword and Sickness get not the upper hand of thee, thou mayst do pretty well: thy damage comes

from the South.

Germany, be patient a little, and let the Whirlwinde pass thee; and thy Sun shall shine again, and thy Eagle shall extend her wings, and slie a pitch; beyond the power of Turk or Tartar to molest thee.

England, be quiet a while, thy Storm is neerly over: practife Loyalty, keep Peace within thy felf, and the con-

Spiring world shall never injure thee.

France, the effects of Med. Cal. to a Square of Mars attend thee: trust not too confidently to thy Purse and Power.

Palestina, the Sun's ashamed to feethy Holy Land.

Polonia minor, thou art falling retrograde under the effects of this Eclipse; there needs no other bridle to keep thee from advancing.

Austria, cherish not Factions within thy self: thy Eclipse will prove but Platique, and that (fine mora) without continuance: thou wilt recover thy glory again.

Livonia, thy Merchants smart to purpose; domestique Quarrels, and petit Tyrannies, bring the scourge upon

thee.

Sabaudia, thou art molested both at home, and from abroad,

abroad, and wilt be for a feafon : afterwards, thou mayft

of Malvoy, become Salvoy again.

Thuscie, the honour of Italy, for promoting Celeffial Learning; the glory of the world, for unexhausted and never-failing Sceel-mynes : pray that thy flighting the former, bring not upon thee the malevolent effects of the later.

Cabia, Intestine Jars, and Forraign Enemies, create much trouble unto thee: be assiduously vigilant and preparing, that the Parthian fword prove not too sharp and heavie for

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Macedonia, be careful to prevent Fires, and trade not too much Westward.

Illyris, 'tis thy lot to have many Conquerours,

Thrace, thy ancient Custom was to mourn at the birth of Children, and to rejoyce at their death: it was a Practice Orthodox and Pious; assume it again, it may now be neceffary.

Albania, kick not against thy Superiours, nor thy Peace; left another Scanderbeg rife out of thy own bowels again,

to punish thee.

Bulgaria, be wife; lest thy too strict adhering to a Turkish faith, ruine thy stately Palaces, and destroy thy Princely Cities.

Lituania, Workip and serve the true God; your Difhpan, or God of Smoke, cannot fave you from common

Flames or Troubles.

Saxonia, keep peace with the Emperour, and ward a Westward storm.

Haffia, thy Lion barry is like to lose his Crown; engage

not too far, for fear on't.

Thuringia, History makes mention of thy having been many times burnt, but thou hast revived, like a Phænix out of the ashes, into greater glory. God grant thou mayst be so happie now, and ever.

India, as thy Country is great and populous, so thy afflictions designed by this Eclipse, will be great and emi-

nent.

Orcha-

Orchades, thy Swans fing not so sweetly as in times pass, and thy great plenty of Fish, seems wasted: thy inhabitants grow sluggish and inactive; Difeases waste their courage: but you will meet with timely relief and amendment.

Secondly, and not onely to Kingdoms, Countries and Cities, &c. are these Ecliptical effects carryed or directed; but unto many individual persons, men, women, and children: more especially unto such, that shall have either the tenth degree of Cancer, or its opposite Signe Capricorn their Medium Cali, Horoscope, or place of either of the

Luminaries in their Nativities.

Unto some persons, they denote death; to others, tedious and durable infirmities; unto a third sort; they denuntiate a Catastrophe of Honour, and a ruise of reputation, same, &c. affliction by continual Controversies, vexatious Law-suits, &c. to a fourth sort, destruction of Parents, friends and acquaintauce, or an absolute hatred between them and the Natives contracted or procured, no ways reconcileable. To a fifth sort, Imprisonments, Banishments, Exile, the wrath of Princes and Potentates. To a fixth sort, Blindness, or loss of one of the Luminaries of their bodies: and this most certain, if the Sun and Moon were weak, or any way afflicted at the birth of such persons.

Thirdly, such persons as shall be born at the time of this Eclipse, will either suddenty, (or else in some shore time after it) die: or if for some competent space of time they should possess a place among the living, they will live most miserable and diseased; subject to a thousand troubles and infortunacies, &c. And I could wish that any ingenious adversary to Astrologie, (for some such I have charity to think there are) would take the pains, and observe the births of such children, (for I, God permitting life and liberty, intend to do the like) and after a candid inspection of the Figures, and serious observation of the Natives unto whom they belong, publish them, either to

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the disparagement of Astrologie, or conviction of their former thoughts thereof. The tryal would be easie, and might either correct the confidence of Astrologers, or better in form, the judgements of their Antagonists.

ter inform the judgements of their Antagonists.

Fourthly, to put a little more weight in the Scale; per-

fons that shall be born at the time of this Eclipse, if they shall prove vital, will be ugly, or of an ill-savour d aspect; that for their evil looks they shall be hated and abborred by many while they do live. The reason hereof is this: Saturn and Mars, the two infortunate Stars, assist the Luminaries at the time of this Eclipse: and Attrologers say, (nemine contradicente) When the Sun or Moon shall be (in any Geniture whatever) in Conjunction, Quartile, or Opposition of Saturn and Mars, (chiefly when both of them shall so suffer) it portends an ill aspect, and great detriment and damage to the Natives sight, if not an absolute

blindness.

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But then (perhaps) you'll fay, this Aftrological reason is not Universal enough: take then a Physical one: The fight refides in the Eyes, and particularly in the Chrystalline humour there; which is by nature cold and moift, and governed by the Luminaries of heaven : [for Man, you must know, is a Minginoque, or little world, and hath a Sun and Moon in him, like the greater : I now this noble and Celeftial humour, being opposed and oppressed by one more earthly, (as Saturn properly fignifies) or by one more hot and fiery, (as Mars governs) is attracted beyond its proper and peculiar feat; and thereby made not onely less serviceable, but less pleasant; according to the quantity of the oppression it labours under. Whence come those unpleasant looks, and abhorred defects in many persons, commonly called Purblinde, Squint-ey'd, &c. and fometimes an absolute blindness, or total deprivation of fight.

Many more matters might have been observed from this eminent and samous Solar desect; but these short Animadversions touching upon the principal things thereby signified, shall serve to illustrate the effects thereof; and also to commute for my promise made in my last years Ephemeric

concerning the lame.

POST-SCRIPT,

Ad Lectorem.

Being in London all the late terrible Visitation, and obferving this quondam-glorious Citie labouring under
the mightiest Discontents imaginable; sally lamenting the
dismal sight of Cossins, and their Cadaverous guests; having
no other Musick heard within her, but Bells to a mournful
rune, and her inhabitants in every corner wretchedly bewailing the loss of their Relations of all kindes: And taking
notice, that, not onely Empericks, but the learned Physicians themselves, were deceived in their Prognosticks and
Cures of that Raging Pest. 'Tis true, they used divers
Means, to put a check unto its sury; but, as the number of
their Antidotes increased, the Weekly Bills augmented: as
if God and Nature were angry beyond an ordinary degree of Pacification, and would not suffer those Celestial
influences to be bassled, from whence these cruel Calamities
issued.

Observing these things, I say, I was resolved to try how far Agrologie might be serviceable in thin matter, and accordingly took Pen in hand; and (for this dejected Citie's comfort and encouragement) wrote a short Discourse, which I intituled,

London's Deliverance predicted, &c.

In which Book, according to the true and plain Rules of A-frologie, I acquainted the world, when the Pess should arrive at its greatest height; and afterwards, with the time of its abatement; as also of the feveral Countries suffering thereby.

And although I aimed at nothing in that Tradate, but the comfort of the (then) many suffering fouls in this great Citie; I have had the hard hap to be mis-interpreted for

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many things therein; chiefly, for my plain discussion of this urrifying, but most necessary Question to be scann'd, viz.

Whether the Plague be catching with the mante

For my pains in this Enquiry, Mr. John Booker, in his Almanack for 1666. is pleased to spend above a Page upon me; and urges a Definition of the Plague, and ingeniously explains it: but yet is pleased to let my Arguments stand mitouch'd, and onely says, he could instance the Plague to be insectious and catching by innumerable means, but that he wants toom. I should (I confess) have been glad to have seen his Arguments brought in opposition to mine; being as ready (if Reason require) to retrail an Errour, as write a Truth. But for any man to say, he is not of my Opinion, and not to shew me a reason wherefore, is not (I conceive) the way to win me unto his.

There is another Gentleman also, a Doctor of Physick, (which Title (fairly obtained) and Profession also, Texceedingly honour) hath been pulling at me in Print, for my maintaining the Negative in the Question above propounded. This Antagonist is angry in earnest, and tells the world, That I deserve to be answered by the Magistrate, and that there is no way to suppress my Opinion, or answer my Arguments, but by putting in execution an Order published in Queen

Elizabeth's days.

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To which I answer: If there be any such Order as he pretends, I humbly submit my self and Opinion unto it; as also unto all other Edicts proceeding from Authority. Contra Legem nonest disputandum: and he must be strangely Rebellious, that opposeth the Laws he liveth under.

To contemn what we cannot conquer, some commend as good Policie; and to pretend to answer a serious Argument with the power of the Magistrate, or an Att of Parliament, is (I confess) the onely infallible way to stop any Opponents mouth. How like a Philosopher that way of arguing is, let the knowing world judge.

But I believe this Gent. is as bold with Authority, as rigid with me: for I never yet heard or read of any Order publish-

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ed, to prove the Plague contagious, or to probibit a difcuffion of that Question; except from bu Pen: although I can fay, I

have often consulted Poulton.

And considering some other passages of his, I perceive that he is not more angry at that my Opinion, then at the Celestial movers, the Stars; whom (saith he) many have accused as the Authors of the Plague. I have (sacknowledge) in the Book before mentioned, proved the Stars to be (sub Deo) the Causes of the Pestilence: but nowhere do I bring an accusation against them, as I know of; believing them free from guilt, and not meriting an Impeachment for the same; they onely performing that Office therein, which God appointed them for at the beginning.

But this Gentleman (notwithstanding his aim, and fruitless pains, to render me ridiculous, and the Stars (I studie) inefficacious;) is not (in the mean time) aware, of bis own running into an Errour of far greater magnitude; viz. in his afferting the Original of the Plague to have been the ROT-

TEN MUTTON eaten in the year before.

Now, let any rational man consider whether of the two, come neerest the Truth: I, in asserting the Stars; or be, in maintaining Rotten Mutton, to be the Cause of the Pest. An Epicurean may, and frequently doth ascribe more to his belly, then unto those glorious and ever-busied Lamps of braven. I cannot stand here to repeat the Arguments I have urged, to prove the Plague contagious; I must refer the Render, for that,

to the Book it felf.

But it Rotten Mutton be attended with such fatal effects, why not a Plague every year after a Rot of Sheep? which is the common consequence of every moist Summer. Or, if the Plague were truly the effect of Rotten Mutton; how then holds it true, what he afterts elsewhere, in the same Discourse? viz. That the Plague came to us from the Netherlands, and to them from Smyrna, in a parcel of infected goods. Was there a Rot of Mutton in Smyrna too? Risum teneath, &c.

To conclude : let it suffice at present, that I deny any such way of infection by Goods; and rejets the Romanse of

his Rotten Mutton: and (as before) do affert, the Stars (fub Deo) to be the true and effential causes of all Plagues: and subscribe unto it.

From my Study in Brick-Court by the Bowling-Alley, neer the Deans Yard Westminster.

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John Gadbury.



ADVERTISEMENT.

The BODY of ASTROLOGY (so often by me promised) consisting of many various and different subjects, each of which requires much more study and Pains then I at the first expected, will, I hope, this year be fully ready for the Press. I having gone thorow the greatest part thereof already, and doubt not (by Gods assistance) to compleat it in due time: which when sever done, I shall (with all Candour and Faithfulness) make publique, for the Advantage of the Industrious students in this Art, and perfection of Astrologie in the English Tongue.

Seve-

Several Books written and published by JOHN GADBURT.

A N Emendation of Hartgil's Astronomical Tables.
The Celestial Ambassadour.

The Doctrine of Nativities.

The Nativity of King Charles the First, of bleffed Memory.

Britains Royal Star.

The Nature of Prodigies.

The King of Swedes Nativity.

The Spurious Prognosticator unmasked.

The Novice-Aftrologer instructed.

Nuncius Afrologicus.

The Collection of Nativities.

Dies Novissimus, or Dooms-day not so neer as dreaded.

An Aftrological Discourse of the three Comets, in 1664, and 1665.

Londons deliverance from the Plague.

Fox Solis: or, A Discourse of the Suns Eclipse in June 1666.

Besides his Almanacks, annually continued since 1655.



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